On February 17, 1927, George Stehr, Waunakee, Wis., having appeared as claimant for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that it be relabeled by striking out the words "Protein 16%," appearing on the label.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

15209. Misbranding of horse and mule feed. U. S. v. 100 Sacks, et al., of Horse and Mule Feed. .Default decrees of condemnation, for-feiture, and sale. (F. & D. Nos. 21359, 21343. I. S. Nos. 6543-x, 6547-x. feiture, and sale. S. No. E-5882.)

On October 21, and October 28, 1926, respectively, the United States attorney for the Western District of North Carolina, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 172 sacks of horse and mule feed, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Gastonia, N. C., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Nixon Grain & Elevator Co., from Augusta, Ga., on or about September 20, 1926, and transported from the State of Georgia into the State of North Carolina, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. A portion of the article was labeled in part: "Horse and Mule Feed Nixon Grain & Elevator Co. Augusta, Ga. Guaranteed Analysis Protein 10%—Fat 2%." The remainder of the said article was labeled in part: "Dakota Horse and Mule Feed * * * Manufactured by Nixon Grain & Elevator Co., Augusta, Ga. Guaranteed Analysis Protein 10%."

It was alleged in the libels that the article was misbranded, in that the statements, "Guaranteed Analysis Protein 10%—Fat 2%," with respect to a portion of the product, and "Guaranteed Analysis Protein 10%," with respect to the remainder thereof, were false and misleading and deceived and misled

the purchaser. On January 6, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be sold, without guaranty or brand, by the United States

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W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

15210. Adulteration of apple chops. U. S. v. 200 Sacks of Apple Chops.

Decree of condemnation and forfeiture entered. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21295. I. S. No. 1858-x. S. No. C-5238.)

On September 17, 1926, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 200 sacks of apple chops, at Orrville, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped by the John H. Leslie Co., Chicago, Ill., on or about July 22, 1926, and transported from the State of Illinois into the State of Ohio, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in substance in the libel that an analysis of a sample of the article showed the presence of arsenic, and that it was adulterated, in that it contained an added poisonous ingredient which might have rendered it injurious

On October 1, 1926, the J. M. Smucker Co., Orrville, Ohio, having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that it be reconditioned in compliance with the requirements of the Federal food and drugs act. W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

15211. Misbranding of assorted jellies. U.S. v. 51 Cases of Assorted Jellies. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture entered. Product ordered released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21792. I. S. Nos. 4787-x, 4788-x, 4789-x, 4790-x. S. No. C-5421.)

On April 4, 1927, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 51 cases of assorted jellies, at Tulsa, Okla., alleging that the